

## SLATON RETIRES AMID RIOT SCENE

HEAVY MILITARY GUARD STILL  
PROTECTS GEORGIA'S FORMER GOVERNOR.

### TENSE MOMENT AT CAPITAL

Atlanta Police Claim Oathbound Organization Is Formed Over All the State to Get Both Frank and Slaton.

Atlanta, Ga.—A battery of artillery, a battalion of infantry and a troop of cavalry stood guard June 26 at the country home of John M. Slaton, who retired at noon from the office of governor of Georgia. All was quiet during the early evening, and there seemed to be no indications of further demonstrations by persons who disapproved the former governor's action in commuting the death sentence of Leo M. Frank.

Down town, where the streets were patrolled by a double watch of police, conditions seemed to be normal, the usual Saturday night crowd being swelled only by the few inauguration visitors still in the city. All the near-beer saloons remained closed by police orders throughout the day and evening, and every precaution was taken to prevent trouble.

During the inauguration ceremonies at the capitol there were several tense moments. When Gov. Slaton approached the new governor to deliver into his hands the grand seal of the state, few hisses were heard from the crowded gallery. President G. Ogden Persons of the state senate rapped sharply with his gavel. The hisses continued, and Gov. Slaton paused. President Persons rapped again and the hissing ceased. He warned the spectators that unless they were in order the galleries would be cleared.

Instantly there was a tumult of applause. After it subsided Gov. Slaton turned to the new governor and said, presenting the seal:

"Gov. Harris, I know that during my term of office this grand seal of the state has not been dishonored." His words were greeted by another prolonged outburst of applause.

Leaving the capitol the crowd then surged in on the former governor and had to be held back by the militia. Hisses and shouts greeted his ears. Some one yelled "Traitor," and another called him "King of the Jews."

The police claim that as oathbound organization has been formed, with ramifications in every Georgia county, whose purpose is to get Slaton and Frank. It is alleged that the organization had its beginning at a midnight meeting of citizens at the grave of Mary Phagan in the Marietta cemetery. The police say the organization is called the Knights of Mary Phagan and is sworn never to be dissolved while Slaton and Frank are living.

### SIX DIE IN TRAIN CRASH

Two Fast Passengers Come Together on 100 Feet High Bridge in Maryland—Engines Telescope.

Thurmont, Md.—Six persons were killed and a dozen more injured when the Blue Mountain express and the fast mail of the Western Maryland railway crashed together on a bridge 100 feet high, a few miles west of here, during the night of June 24.

The dead: Mrs. W. Edwin Chipchase of Baltimore; Walter N. Chipchase, 27, her son, Baltimore; Coleman Cook, engineer, Baltimore; C. R. Fritz, Hagerstown traveling fireman, Baltimore; J. R. Hayes, fireman, Baltimore; Luther Hall, baggage man, Hagerstown.

A change in the train schedule, in the course of which a mix-up in the orders given the conductors is said to have occurred, resulted in bringing the two trains together at high speed on the bridge, which spans a ravine.

### Bandit's Arithmetic Bad.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Five of seven Mexican bandits who broke into the home of Mrs. Louis Martin, aged woman, in this city, tortured her with fire to force her to give up \$120 in gold, and then quarreled, have been captured by the police.

The seven men tied the woman in bed and then applied fire to her feet, forcing her to tell where the gold was. The robbers found the gold and began to divide it. A quarrel resulted when the men could not find any way to divide the \$120 equally among them. The authorities are now hunting for the other two, who made their getaway. The gold was recovered.

### To Probe Passport.

Washington.—Charges that American passports are being forged in Antwerp, made in connection with the notification by France that she would bar from the country naturalized Americans of German, Austro-Hungarian or Turkish origin are to be investigated by the state department.

### Blow Postoffice Safe.

Mocksville, N. C.—Robbers broke into the postoffice here June 25, blew open the safe with dynamite and escaped in an automobile.

### CARRANZA IGNORED WARNING

First Chief Sends Message to the United States That He Will Not Treat with Gen. Villa.

Washington.—In a wireless message to the navy department June 23 Admiral Howard said he had been informed that a relief train had passed through the Yaqui Valley, carrying Sonora state troops to Esperanza to protect foreign settlers threatened by Indians.

Arrival of the Mexican troops, it is hoped, will relieve fears of the settlers and make unnecessary the landing of an expedition from American warships. Gen. Venustiano Carranza has informed the United States that under no circumstances will he treat with Gen. Villa, and that he will continue his military campaign to crush his adversaries.

President Wilson had a long report on Gen. Carranza's views as given in informal conversation with an American consular officer at Vera Cruz. He found in it little hope for an adjustment of differences between the Mexican factions. Gen. Carranza reiterated that his was not a campaign for the elevation of personalities, but for the principles of the revolution; that his opponents were "reactionaries," and desirous only of satisfying personal ambitions.

Outlining his plans for the future, Carranza declared he soon would dominate the stipulation and would grant amnesty to all who were not guilty of crimes. Gen. Villa and his associates, however, according to Gen. Carranza, either must leave the country or be tried by a military court.

### ARTILLERY DUEL IN MEXICO

Carranza Forces Use Big Guns in Effort to Dislodge Zapata's Army From Capital.

Washington.—Anxiety has increased in official quarters over the situation in Mexico City, as the state department has been unable to communicate by telegraph for several days with that city.

Brief dispatches from Vera Cruz said Carranza officials were much chagrined at the apparent failure of Gen. Pablo Gonzales to enter the capital. Reports that Gonzales was engaged in an artillery duel with the Zapatistas gave the first intimation that the Villa-Zapata forces in Mexico City had determined to offer resistance to the invading Carranza army instead of evacuating.

Gonzales himself, it is indicated, cut communication between Vera Cruz and Mexico City to isolate the Zapata forces.

This prevents the state department from communicating with the Brazilian minister, and deprives all other foreign governments of information concerning their diplomatic missions and subjects.

Famine conditions in Mexico City have been growing worse daily and investment by a new army, it is feared, will cause much suffering to foreigners.

### THAW IS AGAIN ON TRIAL

Jury Selected to Determine His Sanity in Fourth Legal Effort to Gain Freedom.

New York.—Harry K. Thaw's fourth legal effort to gain his freedom was called for judgment here June 25 in the supreme court before Justice Peter K. Hendrick. There was something about Thaw, about his relatives and something in the general atmosphere that suggested coming success.

A jury of substantial looking business men which is to collaborate with Justice Hendrick upon the question of whether the slayer of Stanford White is—not was—sane or insane, was chosen with alacrity and freedom from the usual tedium attendant upon such proceedings.

It will be for Justice Hendrick to decide. The jury is an auxiliary and advisory body, merely. But, unless there is some most excellent reason for not doing so, it is presupposed that the justice will take the jury's decision as a consensus of opinion. The trial is expected to consume not less than two weeks.

### PURSUE RUSSIANS CLOSELY

Teutonic Army Is Hot on Heels of Forces Fleeing Back Through Galicia from Lemberg.

London.—The Russians still are retreating in the east; the French are slowly gaining at certain points in the west.

With the fires set by the retreating Russians still burning, the Austro-Germans are now firmly established at Lemberg and have shown no sign of ceasing their offensive.

The battle of the Dniester, south of the city, is not over, but, according to Berlin, Gen. Linsingen has been able to throw his forces across the river.

### Negro Admitted 13 Murders.

Birmingham, Ala.—Syd Jones, who was hanged in the county jail yard here June 25, left a note in his cell in which he confessed responsibility for 13 murders. Two of his victims were white men, one a Mobile & Ohio brakeman and the other a Nebraska deputy sheriff. Jones also claimed to have killed a Chinaman, a Mexican and an Indian.

The law took Jones' life for the murder of a fellow convict in Banner mines, Jefferson county, while he was serving a life sentence.

## HUERTA ARRESTED FOR CONSPIRACY

MEXICO'S FORMER PRESIDENT IS  
CAUGHT BY OFFICERS AT BORDER.

### OROZCO IS ALSO HELD

United States Officials Say They Were Attempting to Incite a Revolution in Republic Below the Rio Grande.

El Paso, Texas.—Charges of conspiring to incite a revolution against a friendly country were filed June 27 against Gen. Victoriano Huerta, former president of Mexico, who was placed under arrest at Newman, N. M., by federal officers. Similar charges were filed against Gen. Pascual Orozco, who was arrested at the same time. Huerta was released on \$15,000 bond and Orozco on \$7,500.

Upon his arrival federal officials who, accompanied by United States cavalrymen, had met Huerta's party at Newman, N. M., escorted Huerta to federal building here for a conference. Later the general and his party were taken to Fort Bliss, where, it was said, they would be detained pending advice from Washington.

Detained with Huerta is Gen. Pascual Orozco, who, with Maj. Luis Fuentes, a son-in-law of Huerta, had gone to Newman, N. M., by automobile to meet Gen. Huerta. Fuentes and Gen. Huerta, a son, traveling with the general, were not detained.

### A hearing was set for July 1.

After the formal charges issued on instructions from the United States district attorney at San Antonio had been filed, the accused men were taken before George Oliver, United States commissioner, and their bond approved and the date for their hearing fixed. Surety was furnished by Isaac and Frank Alderete, Max Mose and Rudolph Cruz and R. E. Thompson. Gen. Huerta was driven to the home of his daughter, Mrs. Luis Fuentes. Orozco was taken to the home of friends.

Instead of being given an enthusiastic welcome by his supporters, many of whom had gathered at the border, Huerta reached El Paso in custody of federal officers and under guard of 25 United States troopers. The former Mexican executive and Gen. Orozco were taken to the customs house and later removed to Fort Bliss, where they were held until their bonds had been provided.

Huerta, in answer to a question, denied he had intended to re-enter Mexico at this time.

### TEUTON ADVANCE CHECKED

Re-enforced Russians at Last Make a Stand on Dniester River and Hurl Pursuing Foe Back.

London.—Heavy fighting is going on along the sector of the Dniester battle front in Galicia between Zuzawa and Halicz. There is some conflict in the official reports. The Russians claim that they have punished the Austro-German forces there and that, by rushing up re-enforcements, they have compelled them to retreat across the river. Berlin admits this reverse, but the Austrian communication says the Teutonic attack there is making progress.

North of this area, and still farther north, over the frontier in Poland, the Austro-German advances are sweeping forward. Whatever the outcome of the struggle along the Dniester, the Russian armies have met with such reverses that, in the belief of military experts, from the standpoint of the allies, the western theater seems to be the only quarter which holds out the possibility of a decisive action during the summer.

Though meeting with the hardest resistance on the Dniester, the initiative in the east still rests with the Austro-Germans. Few military writers care to hazard a guess of what their next move will be. It is argued by them that the situation in the west may at any moment become pressing and that Germany and Austria may be forced to be content with having recovered Galicia and broken the Russian offensive without seeking further to humiliate her at this time.

### 600 Hear Speech by Phone.

San Francisco.—While Gov. George W. Clarke, of Iowa, made an address June 25 in connection with the celebration of Iowa day at the Panama-Pacific exposition, 600 citizens of Des Moines were reported "listening in" by telephone at the Iowa capital.

### Rake Thaw's School Record.

New York.—A new sensation was sprung in the Thaw case by the announcement of Deputy Attorney-General Cook that he will delve into the reasons for Thaw's expulsion from Harvard University in 1892 in the effort to establish his present insanity. Scandalous details, which will materially aid the state's contention of insanity, are alleged to lie behind the abrupt termination of Thaw's university career. Thaw, however, is undismayed by this latest development in his fight for freedom.

### EARTHQUAKE IN CALIFORNIA

Five Persons Are Killed When Imperial Valley Is Rocked—Irrigation System Seriously Damaged.

El Centro, Cal.—Sharp earthquake shocks on June 23 centered the anxiety of Imperial Valley settlers on the head gates of the great irrigation system, which had transformed nearly 250,000 acres of desert. The intakes of the Colorado river, near Yuma, and the headway at Sharps were reported safe, although the Sharps heading was shaken and sagged. Five persons lost their lives and property damage of \$1,000,000 was done.

Engineers reported that another shock as severe as the one that rocked the little cluster of towns in the valley would wreck the works at Mexicali. Scientists appear to agree that the shocks lay along the line of what is known as the San Andreas fault in the earth's formation, which was involved in the north central California earthquake of 1906.

El Centro and the immediate vicinity suffered most. The five killed were caught in falling walls at Mexicali, just across the Mexican border. Martial law was proclaimed there.

The towns of Calipatria and Niland were injured less than those in the south end of the valley. The earthquake extended all the way to Yuma, Ariz. The first shock of about 30 seconds' duration was followed half an hour later by a second almost as severe.

In Mexicali a panic prevailed. Gamblers and the women who make up a considerable portion of the population of the place rushed into the streets. Piles of gold were left on gambling tables, to be rocked off and mixed up with the debris of the buildings.

### TEUTONS TAKE LEMBERG

Russians Give Up Galician Capital Held Since September to Advancing Austro-Germans.

London.—The Russians have lost Lemberg. They occupied the Galician capital early in September and held it continuously until June 22, when the combined Austro-German forces compelled them to retreat from the city, which is only 60 miles due west from the nearest point of the Russian frontier.

Whether the fall of Lemberg means that the Russian army operating south of it in Southeast Galicia is effectively cut off from the army to the north stretching across Poland to the Baltic cannot yet be said. Vienna and Berlin newspapers say this is the case and that the Russian army has received a blow from which they cannot recover. If the stroke proves as crushing as the Teutons predict, its effect, military observers here say, soon should be felt in the transfer of vast German forces to the west, where for days they have been hard pressed by the French.

Telegrams from Vienna concerning the capture of Lemberg and recounting the celebration of the populace in Vienna over the victory add that the Austrian correspondents with the Teutonic armies pay tribute to the magnificent rear guard action fought by the Russians, who are declared to have retreated eastward in good order, leaving behind few prisoners and even removing the Russian documents from the city, which, since the Russians occupied it, has been called by them Lwow.

### INDICTMENTS AGAINST 12

Knox Booth, Former Nashville Revenue Agent, Is Included in Fort Smith Big Liquor Fraud Case.

Fort Smith, Ark.—Two of the 12 men indicted by the United States grand jury here June 24 in connection with the alleged defrauding of the government by the manufacture of whiskey on which no tax was paid, were arraigned and pleaded not guilty. They were J. B. Brown, Harrison, Ark., and Newton C. Spradling, Aurora, Mo., former gaugers in the Kansas City distillery of J. C. Brubaker, who also was indicted. Brown and Spradling are charged specifically with "conspiracy to defraud the government by selling moonshine whiskey."

Five indictments have been returned. Interest centered in charges against John L. Casper and Guy L. Hartman, both of Kansas City, and Knox Booth, former internal revenue agent. Casper and Hartman are charged with bribery, the indictment alleging each offered Booth \$1,500 to escape an internal revenue tax of \$47,500 on 50,000 gallons of whiskey during last December and January. Booth is charged with accepting the alleged bribe.

October 15 was set as a tentative date for the trial of the men now in custody.

The conspiracy, which is alleged to have involved illegal use of internal revenue stamps on barrels of whiskey, is said to have cost the United States many thousands of dollars in revenue.

### Leaving U. S. Arsenal.

Philadelphia.—Scores of skilled workmen are leaving the government arsenal at Frankfort to accept positions with private concerns supplying orders for war munitions, and for the first time in years the arsenal is suffering from a labor shortage. Twenty men in the machine shop and 25 in the fuse department resigned June 25. The men declare they have been given three-year contracts with the private firms at wages far in excess of those paid by the government.

### MISSISSIPPI BRIEFS

A Masonic picnic was held at Burgess, ten miles west of Oxford, June 24. Attorney Hutchins presided. Several political speeches were made. The crowd was estimated at 1,500.

Dr. C. F. Hodge of the University of Oregon, who is delivering a series of illustrated lectures on natural science this week at the University of Mississippi, addressed the business men of Oxford on the eradication of the house fly.

Robert Bell, negro, was shot and instantly killed June 25 at Pontotoc by Arthur Scott, negro, who fired at close range with a shotgun. Jealousy is attributed as the cause of the shooting. On Bell's body a loaded revolver was found. Scott called Bell to his front door and then shot him. Scott was arrested.

The Corinth steam laundry, the Gay-Ola bottling works and the Corinth Ice Cream company's building was destroyed by fire June 25. All of the above companies occupied one building, which was the property of J. S. Leehman, who had just finished installing about \$12,000 worth of machinery. No insurance was carried on the building or contents. Work will begin at once to replace the building.

The latest places to report charbon in the Natchez district are the Glen plantation near Natchez and Ferriday, La., Concordia parish. A portion of the ear of a male belonging to the Pittsburgh Coal company that died with what was thought to be charbon was sent to Dr. E. M. Rauck, state veterinarian at Starkville. Dr. Rauck verified the diagnosis and said that the specimen sent contained anthrax or charbon.

C. E. Quekemeyer, travelling salesman for the Weaver Grocery company, Greenwood, Miss., was fatally injured in an automobile accident at Leland June 25. The car in which he was riding, in company with Will Cook of Indianola, turned turtle just in the edge of town. Quekemeyer's head and chest being crushed. He was rushed to King's Daughters' Hospital at Greenville for treatment. Cook was not hurt.

County and city health officers are making a desperate effort to stop the spread of charbon in the vicinity of Natchez. In Adams county Dr. M. E. Alderman, recently elected live stock commissioner, who is also in the government service, is directing the fight, despite an attack of typhoid. When Dr. Alderman became ill he inoculated himself with typhoid serum and kept on. The disease is being held in check in the county and city of Natchez at present, but in Concordia parish, just across the river, it is spreading so rapidly that an epidemic is indicated. Charbon first appeared in Natchez among the mules of the Pittsburgh Coal Company. Every veterinarian in Natchez is working night and day inoculating horses, mules and cattle with vaccine. The owners of the stock are fully aware of the peril and are making every effort to save by prompt action.

In accordance with the state law the body of every animal that has died has been buried in quick lime immediately and officers have been detailed to watch all animals that are infected to see that they are buried at the moment of death. Cattle raising is now the leading industry of this section. In Adams county more brands were registered since Jan. 1 than for 16 years previously.

Courtland was swept by a terrific rain and wind storm June 22. Great damage was done to the timber and growing crops. The telephone and telegraph lines were blown down. Two negroes were killed about six miles west of town. Lightning struck the house occupied by Mrs. Campbell, east of town, and it was burned to the ground. At Pope, which is one and a half miles south, the Methodist church was blown off its pillars and the store in which the postoffice is located was demolished. The rain was torrential, water getting into the stores. This is probably the worst storm that has visited this section in years.

Burned to death in her bed while her mother was eating supper was the fate of the two-year-old daughter of Mrs. A. M. Usher of Ocean Springs. The unwilling cause of the disaster was the four-year-old sister of the victim, whose childish frolic had this fatal termination. How the calamity happened can only be surmised. The two children were left in the nursery while Mrs. Usher went to supper. Evidently the older child must have got hold of some matches with which she ignited the mosquito bar covering the crib. Mrs. Usher reached the room in time to see the child in flames. She burned herself seriously in effecting a rescue. The baby was taken to New Orleans, but succumbed to the injuries it received.

A 17-year-old negro named Frank Frazier, shot and fatally wounded Henry Thornton, a young white man, near Utica, June 23. Following a conversation relative to some work, Thornton went to the negro's home later, unarmed, and not suspecting trouble. As he approached the house he was fired upon twice by the negro with a shotgun, without warning. Thornton's body is full of shot. Frazier ran and escaped. Bloodhounds were carried to the scene.

## ARRESTED AFTER 5 YEARS' ABSENCE

POLICE RECOGNIZE LAWRENCE MORSON AND CHARGE HIM WITH OLD MURDER.

### DARING DASH FOR CHILD

Officers Hold Woman and Auto Party After They Had Taken Two-Year-Old Baby From Foster-Mother.

—Jackson.

Coming back to Jackson after an absence of more than five years, Lawrence Morson, a white man, about 35 years of age, was arrested June 25 at the union depot on a charge of murder, an indictment returned by the grand jury in the early part of 1910 being served. The indictment charges that Morson shot and killed Jesse Clark, a negro woman, in March, 1910. Morson was recognized by Charles Van Buren, station master at the union depot. Mr. Van Buren informed police headquarters and Chief Nunery arrested Morson.

Morson was a carpenter and painter when he formerly lived here. It is said that directly after the killing he left Jackson, and has since been in Texas.

### Daring Attempt to Get Child.

Using an automobile, a revolver and three companions in an attempt to gain possession of a pretty two-year-old boy, which she left at the Simpson county hospital, Miss Katie Bennett, member of a wealthy and prominent New Orleans family, on the afternoon of June 24 succeeded in wresting the child from the arms of its foster-mother and escaping in the auto, but her flight overlaid was stopped short by Constable Tom Richardson, who placed the entire party under arrest near Harrisville.

Accompanied by John Bellaw, owner of the machine, Walter Nixon and Miss Clemmie Tillis, the party drove overland to the Tensley home, where the child was, and Miss Bennett demanded possession of the child. Upon being refused, it is said that one of the men drew a revolver. The child was forcibly taken from Mrs. Tensley's arms and hurried to the waiting automobile. Telephone communication with the authorities gave sufficient notification to stop the party.

### Ask John D. to Speak.

John D. Rockefeller may come to Jackson in the autumn and deliver an address on thrift and the elements of success to the young men of Jackson, and citizens generally.

An invitation for the richest man in the world to come to the Mississippi capital has been forwarded to him by the Young Men's Business Club of Jackson, through the president of the organization, J. Sively Rhodes.

### County Assessments Reported.

Secretary of State Power has received replies from the circuit clerks of about 60 counties, to whom he wrote recently for information as to the identity of the chairmen and secretaries of their county Democratic executive committees, and the amount assessed by their counties against the state candidates for primary election expenses.

### Rounded Up Fugitives.

J. D. Duvall, travelling sergeant of the penitentiary, has returned from Chicago, where he went to bring back Ben Watkins, a negro convict, who escaped some months ago from Parchman plantation. Watkins was serving a seven-year term for highway robbery, and had served only part of a year when he made his escape. Watkins was arrested by the Chicago police on a tip furnished by the prison officials.

Stopping off at Memphis Mr. Duvall secured Arthur Watson, white, who was serving a life term for the murder of his wife in Hattiesburg, and who had been spotted there by some one who knew him.

### Training School for Church Work.

The fourth annual summer training school for Presbyterian church workers was opened June 22 at the Belhaven Collegiate Institute, with a gratifyingly large attendance, to continue for 10 days. The term was opened with a vesper service, which was held in the open, led by Dr. Boyd of Alabama.

### Storm Hits Jackson.

Only meager information was received relative to the storm damage at Parchman up to June 23. Trustee Matthews of the northern district was notified by long distance telephone from (Clarksdale of the trouble at the Sunflower farm, and left by the first train. Every official of the penitentiary department heard with regret of the tragedy by which Sergt. Jas. J. Britt lost his life, through the blowing down of the stockade at Camp No. 10. He has been in the corps of penitentiary farm sergeants for five years.